



AN ACT OF THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA, OF JULY 5, 2005; ALSO KNOWN AS THE TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS ACT OF 2005; THE ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION, ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME, AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012. (APPROVED APRIL 29, 2013); AND TO BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND IN CONFORMITY WITH ALL OTHER TREATIES SIGNED BY AND RATIFIED BY THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA

APPROVED: SEPTEMBER 27, 2021

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY
MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
MONROVIA, LIBERIA

PRINTED: OCTOBER 1, 2021



**AN ACT OF THE NATIONAL LEGISLATURE TO AMEND
CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING
IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA, OF JULY
5, 2005; ALSO KNOWN AS THE TRAFFICKING IN
PERSONS ACT OF 2005; THE ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL
LAW REGARDING EXTORTION, ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME,
AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS AND
MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012. (APPROVED APRIL 29, 2013);
AND TO BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH
INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND INCONFORMITY WITH
ALL OTHER TREATIES SIGNED AND RATIFIED BY THE
REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA**

APPROVED: THIS 27th DAY OF September 2021.

PUBLISHED BY THE AUTHORITY

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA
MONROVIA, LIBERIA

Effective date of Amendment:

That effective immediately after the passage and publication into hand bill of this Act:

THE ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA,
OF JULY 5, 2005 is hereby AMENDED and REVISED to read as follows:

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS, Human Trafficking anywhere in the world must be considered modern day slavery and a threat to all nations. It also constitutes multiple grave human rights abuses, that promotes the breakdown of families and communities, fuels organized crime, deprives countries of human capital and revenues and resources, undermines public health, creates opportunities for extortion and subversion among government officials, and imposes large economic costs on nations;

WHEREAS, Human Trafficking in both the public and private sectors of the Liberian society contribute to undermine the institutional framework for good governance; and as a consequence, has hampered sustainable socio-political tranquility and retarded economic development and growth;

WHEREAS, Liberia is a party to key international instruments that prohibit Child labor and Human Trafficking including, in particular;

- a) The United Nations Convention against Transnational Organized Crime, adopted by General Assembly Resolution 55/25 of 15 November 2000, which Convention represents the **main international instrument** in the fight against transnational organized crime including, Human Trafficking,
- b) The Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, especially Women and Children (the “Palermo Protocol”),
- c) The International Labor Organization (ILO) Conventions 29, 105, and 182,
- d) The United Nations Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women,
- e) The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child and its Optional Protocol on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography,
- f) The Slavery Convention (1926) and its Supplement (1956),
- g) The United Nations Convention for the Suppression of the Traffic in Persons and of the Exploitation of the Prostitution of Others (1949),
- h) The Recommended Principles and Guidelines on Human Rights and Human Trafficking;
and

WHEREAS, Liberia has signed and ratified the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (ICCPR), with emphasis on Articles 7, 8, and 24 which address Trafficking in Persons, as well as forced and child labor; and

ACKNOWLEDGING that the dynamics of Trafficking in Persons (TIP) remains a persistent problem whether the victim is moved across State lines, moved within a nation's borders, or not moved at all;

ACKNOWLEDGING, that human traffickers often exploit political, social, and economic conditions of dire inequality especially poverty; gender, racial, and ethnic discrimination; gender, racial, and ethnic violence; civil unrest and armed conflict; and natural disasters to recruit and maintain power and control over trafficking victims; and

DETERMINED to oppose forced labor, child labor and any related activities contributing to the phenomenon of Trafficking in Persons (TIP) across the entire spectrum of Liberia's national policies, missions, functions, programs, and activities; and

NOTING that, due to the debilitating consequences of Trafficking in Persons and child labor, the people of Liberia have declared Human Trafficking as unacceptable national scourge and resolved to combat and eradicate it; and

ACKNOWLEDGING that, the Government of Liberia continues to undertake several measures to address the sexual abuse and exploitation of women and children resulting from Human Trafficking, and that in particular the Government of Liberia is currently implementing the Second Five-Year-National Action Plan in the fight against Trafficking in Persons (2019-2024); and

CONSISTENT with Chapter 5, Article 29 of the 1986 Constitution of Liberia vesting the legislative power of the Republic on the Legislature consisting of the Honorable Senate and the House of Representatives, both of which are empowered to enact laws for the governance of the country and must pass on all legislation.

NOW THEREFORE:

It is enacted by the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the 54th Legislature of the Republic of Liberia in Legislature assembled:

Repealed:

Section §14.55: ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING OF THE “ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION, ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME, AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012”. (APPROVED APRIL 29, 2013) is hereby repealed.

Title:

This Act shall be known and titled as **THE REVISED ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA, OF SEPTEMBER, 2021.**

Short title:

This Act shall also be cited as the: **REVISED TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS ACT OF 2021**

ARTICLE 1

Section 1: DEFINITIONS

For the Purposes of this title:

100. “Trafficking in Persons” shall mean the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring, or receipt of persons, by means of threat or use of force or other forms of coercion, of abduction, of

fraud, of deception, of the abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability, or of the giving or receiving of payments or benefits to achieve the consent of a person having control over another person, for the purpose of exploitation.

- 101 "A victim" of trafficking is a person that has suffered direct physical, emotional, or pecuniary harm as a result of the commission of the crime of Trafficking in Persons.
- 102 "Representative Victim" If a victim is under eighteen (18) years of age, incompetent, incapacitated, or deceased, such victim shall be represented by any of the following: a spouse, legal guardian, parent, child, sibling, another family member, or another person designated by the court as Representative Victim.
- 103 "Child" shall mean any person under eighteen (18) years of age.
- 104 "Exploitation" shall mean:
- (a) Keeping a person in a state of slavery;
 - (b) Subjecting a person to practices similar to slavery;
 - (c) Compelling or causing a person to provide forced labor or services;
 - (d) Keeping a person in a state of servitude, including sexual servitude;
 - (e) Exploitation of the prostitution of another;
 - (f) Engaging in any other form of commercial sexual exploitation, including but not limited to pimping, pandering, procuring, profiting from prostitution, maintaining a brothel, and child pornography; and
 - (g) Illicit removal of human organs.
- 105 "Slavery" shall mean the status or condition of a person over whom any or all the powers attaching to the right of ownership are exercised.
- 106 "Practices similar to slavery" are defined in the Supplementary Convention on the Abolition of Slavery, the Slave Trade, and Institutions and Practices similar to slavery and include, in general, debt bondage, serfdom, forced or servile marriages and delivery of children for exploitation.
- 107 "Forced labor" shall mean labor or services obtained or maintained through force, threat of

force, or other means of coercion or physical restraint.

- 108 “**Servitude**” shall mean a condition of dependency in which the labor or services of a person are provided or obtained by threats or serious harm to that person or another person, or through any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause the person to believe that, if the person did not perform such labor or services, that that person or another person would then suffer serious harm.
- 109 “**Sex trafficker**” is a person who knowingly recruits, entices, harbors, transports, provides, obtains, or maintains by any means a person; knowing, or in reckless disregard of the fact, that means of force, threats of force, fraud, coercion, or any combination of such means will be used to cause the person to engage in a commercial sex act, or that the person has not attained the age of 18 years and will be caused to engage in a commercial sex act;
- 110 “**Illicit removal of organs**” refers to the unlawful conduct by which any organ is extracted from the human body for any purpose; and, not to legitimate medical procedures for which proper consent has been obtained.
- 111 “**Abuse of a position of vulnerability**” shall mean such abuse that the person believes he or she has no reasonable alternative but to submit to the labor or service demanded of the person, and includes but is not limited to taking advantage of the vulnerabilities resulting from the person having entered the country illegally or without proper documentation, pregnancy, any physical or mental disease or disability of the person, including addiction to the use of any substance, or reduced capacity to form judgments by virtue of being a child.
- 112 “**Coercion**” shall include violent as well as some forms of non-violent or psychological coercion, including, but not limited to;
- a. Threats of serious harm to or physical restraint against any person;
 - b. Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an act would result in serious harm to or physical restraint against any persons; or
 - c. The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal system.

113 "Debt bondage" shall mean the status or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of his or her personal service or those of a person under his or her control as a security for debt, if the value of those services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined.

114 Terms not defined in this Article shall be interpreted consistent with their use elsewhere in the laws of Liberia.

SECTION 2: TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS

- a. That from and immediately after the passage of this ACT, recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring or receipt of a person by means of the threat or use of force or other means of coercion or by abduction, fraud, deception, abuse of power or of a position of vulnerability, or by giving or receiving of payments or benefits to achieve the consent of a person having control over another person for the purpose of exploitation shall be a criminal offense within the Republic of Liberia.
- b. Regardless of the means employed by the traffickers, the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring or receipt of a child or a mentally incompetent person for the purpose of exploitation shall be considered "Trafficking in Persons." It is irrelevant whether the child or guardian of the incompetent person expressed consent or not;
 - i) The consent of the victim or the parent or a person having legal or de facto control of a child victim of Trafficking in Persons shall be irrelevant.
 - ii) The recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring or receipt of a child for the purposes of exploitation shall be considered "Trafficking in Persons" even if this does not involve any of the means set out above in subsection 100 of this Act.
 - iii) Regardless of the means employed by trafficker(s), the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring or receipt of a mentally incompetent or disabled person for the purpose of exploitation shall be considered "Trafficking in Persons." It is irrelevant whether the mentally incompetent or disabled person, or the guardian of the incompetent or disabled person expressed consent, was forced, defrauded or coerced or not.

SECTION 3: CRIMINAL OFFENSE

- a. Whoever engages in or conspires to engage in, or attempts to engage in, or assists another

person to engage in or organizes or directs other persons to engage in Trafficking in Persons shall be sentenced as defined in Section 5 herein.

- b. All proceeds and assets, current, past and future, which are reasonably believed to be derived from the crime of Trafficking in Persons; and, all proceeds and assets identified to have been used directly or indirectly in the crime of Trafficking in Persons shall be seized, and auctioned to satisfy Payment of Restitution as provided in Article I, Section 6 herein. Presumption shall be that such asset(s) and proceeds is the absolute property of the defendant(s). Burden of proof otherwise rests on the defendant(s).

SECTION 4: CONVICTED TRAFFICKER

Person(s) convicted of the crime of Trafficking in Persons shall be punished in accordance with Section 5 herein, but the presence of any one of the following aggravating factors can permit a longer sentence up to a minimum of 20 years:

- a) Trafficking of two or more persons at the same time;
- b) Permanent or life-threatening bodily injury to a victim of trafficking;
- c) Trafficking in Persons involving one or more children;
- d) Trafficking in Persons involving one or more mentally incompetent person(s) or disabled persons;
- e) Trafficking in Persons as part of the activity of an organized criminal group.

SECTION 5: SENTENCE

Notwithstanding the Title of this Act, or any of the provisions and words contained herein the liability of an entity or person involved in Trafficking in Persons or any ancillary crime (labor trafficking, child labor, prostitution among others) may be criminal or civil or both. Such liability may be joint without prejudice to the criminal liability of any of the singular legal persons who have participated in the commission of the crimes involved. All legal persons held liable in accordance with this Title shall be subject to effective, proportionate and dissuasive criminal and/or non-criminal sanctions, including monetary sanctions and awards of Restitution to the Victim of Trafficking in Persons.

A court of competent jurisdiction shall sentence a person convicted of the crime of Trafficking in Persons to a minimum of Twenty (20) years imprisonment, and in accordance with the following sentencing guideline:

- a. Whoever holds or returns any person(s) to a condition of Trafficking in Persons, or arrests, or detains any person(s) with the intention to place such person(s) in or returning the same to a condition of

Trafficking in Persons shall, under this Title, be fined the sum of not more than One Hundred Thousand United States Dollars (USD100,000) or its Liberian Equivalent, and imprisonment for a term of not less than Twenty (20) years. If the victim of Trafficking in Persons dies as a result of being trafficked, or as a foreseeable consequence thereof, or if the violation includes kidnapping or attempt to kidnap, aggravated sexual abuse or any other sexual offense under the Criminal Code, or an attempt to kill; the defendant shall be fined under this Title the sum of not more than Two Hundred Thousand United States Dollars (USD200,000) or its Liberian Equivalent, and imprisonment for a term of not less than Twenty (20) years.

- b. If the victim of Trafficking in Persons has not attained the age of eighteen (18) years, the defendant shall be fined under this Title the sum of not more than Two Hundred Thousand United States Dollars (USD200,000) or its Liberian Equivalent, and imprisonment for a term of not less than Twenty (20) years.
- c. If, in the course of perpetrating the offense of Trafficking in Persons or if at any time during the subsequent exploitation, the convicted person caused the victim of Trafficking in Persons to suffer a permanent or life threatening injury, or be exposed to a life threatening illness, or if the convicted person caused a victim of Trafficking in Persons to become addicted to any drug or medication, the convicted person shall be fined the sum of One Hundred Thousand United States Dollars (USD100,000) or its Liberian Equivalent, and imprisonment for a term of not less than Twenty (20) years. In addition to satisfying the provision of Article 1, Section 6, on Payment and Restitution.
- d. If the offense of Trafficking of Persons occurred as a result of abuse of power or position of authority, including but not limited to a parent or guardian, or acting in loco parentis, teacher, children's club leader, or any other person who has been entrusted with the care or supervision of the child, or others with fiduciary responsibility, the convicted person shall be fined the sum of no more than One Hundred Thousand United States Dollars (USD100,000) or its Liberian Equivalent, and imprisonment for a term of not less than Twenty (20) years. In addition to satisfying the provision of Article 1, Section 6, on Payment and Restitution.
- e. Whoever obstructs, or attempts to obstruct, or in any way interferes with or prevents the enforcement of this Title shall be liable to pay a fine and imprisonment of up to Ten (10) years.
- f. The Trial Court shall have jurisdiction during sentencing to concomitantly impose term imprisonment and fines and to award restitution under Section 6 herein to the victim of Trafficking in Persons.

SECTION 6: RESTITUTION

Where a defendant is convicted of Trafficking in Persons under this Act, the Court shall order the

defendant to pay restitution as the Court will find fit and sufficient to the victim for:

- a) Costs of medical and psychological treatment;
- b) Costs of physical and occupation therapy and rehabilitation;
- c) Costs for education, and where applicable costs for loss of education;
- d) Costs for relocation, repatriation, and reintegration (where appropriate);
- e) Costs of temporary or permanent citizenship or visas (as appropriate and necessary);
- f) Costs of necessary transportation, temporary or permanent (where necessary) housing;
- g) Lost income and benefits and likely losses of the same in futuro;
- h) Attorney's fees and other costs such as victim advocate fees;
- i) Compensation for emotional distress, pain, and suffering;
- j) Any other loss suffered by the victim.
- k) Any other costs as may be assessed by the court.

SECTION 7: PAYMENT OR RESTITUTION

Restitution shall be paid to the victim promptly upon the conviction of the defendant, with the proceeds from the property forfeited under Section 3b. The return of the victim to his/her home country or other absence of the victim from the jurisdiction shall not prejudice the victim's right to receive restitution.

SECTION 8: CONSENT TO SEX

The age of consent to sex, legal age of marriage, or other discretionary age shall not be used as a defense to Trafficking in Persons. Consent or past sexual behavior history of the victim is irrelevant and inadmissible for the purpose of proving that the victim engaged in other sexual behavior, or to prove the victim's sexual predisposition or consent.

SECTION 9: VICTIM IMMUNITY

A victim of Trafficking of Persons shall not be held criminally liable for any immigration-related offense, prostitution, or any other criminal offense that was a direct result of being trafficked.

SECTION 10: USE OF COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION

- a) International transportation entities must verify that every passenger possesses the necessary travel documents, including passports and visas, to enter the destination country and any transit countries; it must do the same for passengers with the final destination to Liberia.

b) The requirement in paragraph (a) above shall be applied to both staff selling or issuing tickets, boarding passes or similar travel documents and to staff collecting or checking tickets prior to or subsequent to boarding.

c) Any entity or person which fails to comply with the requirements of this section will be fined the amount of US\$100,000 (One Hundred Thousand United States Dollars), or its Liberian equivalent. Repeated failure to comply will be sanctioned by revocation of licenses to operate in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Liberia.

d) Any entity or person which knowingly transports victims of Trafficking in Persons or which has reason to know or suspect that a person(s) is/are being trafficked into Liberia, or which is reckless or negligent with respect to a person(s) being trafficked into Liberia shall be liable to fine of US\$200,000 (Two Hundred Thousand United States Dollars), and also to pay all costs associated with providing accommodation, medical care and meals for the victim and any accompanying dependent for the duration of victim(s) stay in facilities designated.

ARTICLE II

PREVENTION OF TRAFFICKING

SECTION 1: NATIONAL TASK FORCE FOR PREVENTION OF TRAFFICKING

1. The President shall establish an inter-agency Task Force to develop and implement a National Plan for the Prevention of Trafficking in persons. Such a Task Force shall include all aspects of preventing and combatting Trafficking in Persons, including sex trafficking and labor trafficking.
2. The President shall appoint the members of the task force, which shall include the Minister of Justice, Foreign Affairs, Labor, Interior, and two other persons learned in law enforcement. The Task Force shall be headed by the Minister of Labor.
3. The Task Force shall carry out in a sustainable manner the following activities either directly or via one or more of its constituent ministries as appropriate:
 - a. Develop the National Plan for the Prevention of Trafficking in persons,
 - b. Coordinate the implementation of the Plan,
 - c. Coordinate the collection and sharing of Trafficking in Persons data among government agencies. All data collected shall respect the privacy of victims of trafficking,
 - d. Coordinate the sharing of information between agencies for the purpose of:

- i. determining whether individuals crossing or attempting to cross the international border are carrying travel documents belonging to other persons or without travel documents are perpetrators or victims of Trafficking in Persons;
 - ii. detecting criminal groups engaged in Trafficking in Persons.
- e. Identify and engage in efforts to facilitate cooperation with foreign countries, particularly those which are a significant source of victims, transit location(s), or destination of victims. This cooperation shall aim to strengthen bilateral, multilateral, local, and regional capacities to assist victims of Trafficking in Persons, prevent trafficking, prosecute traffickers, and assist in the appropriate reintegration of victims of Trafficking in Persons.
- f. Establish policies to enable the Government of Liberia to:
 - i. vigorously enforce the law against all those who are engaged Trafficking in Persons, including recruiters, transporters, harbors, buyers, and sellers, and including members of international crime cartels and networks;
 - ii. Raise awareness at home and abroad about this unacceptable practice and how it can be eradicated;
 - iii. Identify, protect, and assist those exploited by trafficking;
 - iv. Reduce the vulnerability of individuals to trafficking through increased education, economic opportunity, and protection of human rights; and
 - v. Employ diplomacy and foreign policy tools to encourage other nations to work with Liberia to combat this crime and hold accountable those who are engaged in it.
- g. Providing services for victims of Trafficking in Persons, including but not limited to counseling, psycho-social services, shelters and medical services, and protection and rehabilitation and reintegration and (where applicable) repatriation.
- h. Work with non-governmental organizations and other elements of civil society to prevent Trafficking in Persons and provide assistance to victims; such coordination with the foregoing organizations should further the implementation of policies outlined in this Article, and also involve cooperation in the development of those policies. Adopt, to the greatest extent possible within

Liberia's domestic legal systems, such measures as may be necessary to enable confiscation of: (a) Proceeds of crime derived from offences covered by this Title or property the value of which corresponds to that of such proceeds; (b) Property, equipment or other instrumentalities used in or destined for use in offences covered by this Title.

SECTION 2: APPLICABILITY OF LABOR STANDARDS

- a. Standards for working conditions specified in the Labor Laws of Liberia shall apply equally to persons with or without the legal right to work in Liberia.
- b. The Ministry of Labor shall investigate complaints of unlawful working conditions without regard to the immigration status of complainants and without regard to the nature of the work or services involved.

**THIS ACT SHALL TAKE EFFECT IMMEDIATELY UPON PUBLICATION IN THE
HANDBILL.**

ANY ACT TO THE CONTRARY NOTWITHSTANDING

-2021-

FOURTH SESSION OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF
THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA

SENATE'S ENGROSSED BILL NO. 5 ENTITLED:

"AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF LIBERIA TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF AN ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA OF JULY 5, 2005; ALSO KNOWN AS THE ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME, AND ILLEGAL TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012, (APPROVED APRIL 29, 2013) AND TO BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND IN CONFORMITY WITH ALL OTHER TREATIES SIGNED AND RATIFIED BY THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA"

On motion, Bill read on its 1st Reading, Thursday, August 19, 2021 at the hour of 11:45 GMT. On motion, Bill read on its second reading adopted and sent to committee Room on Tuesday, August 26, 2021 at the hour of 24:08 GMT.

On motion, Bill taken from the Committee Room. On motion the Bill was adopted on its second reading. On motion under the suspension of the rule, the second reading of the Bill constituted its third and final reading and the Bill was adopted, passed into the full force of the law and order engrossed today, Thursday, August 31, 2021 at the hour of 13:20 GMT


SECRETARY OF THE SENATE, R.L.

-2021-

FOURTH SESSION OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF
THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA

HOUSE'S ENDORSEMENT TO SENATE'S ENGROSSED BILL
NO. 5 ENTITLED:

"AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE OF LIBERIA TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF AN ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA OF JULY 5, 2005; ALSO KNOWN AS THE ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME, AND ILLEGAL TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012, (APPROVED APRIL 29, 2013) AND TO BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS AND IN CONFORMITY WITH ALL OTHER TREATIES SIGNED AND RATIFIED BY THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA"

On motion, Bill read. On motion, the Bill was adopted on its first reading and sent to Committee Room on, Thursday, September 2, 2021 @ 13:00 G.M.T.

On motion, the Bill was taken from Committee Room and read. On motion, the Bill was adopted on its second reading. On motion, under the suspension of the rule, the second reading of the Bill constituted its third and final reading and the Bill was adopted, passed into the full force of the law and ordered engrossed today, Thursday, August 19, 2021 @ 14:43 G.M.T.

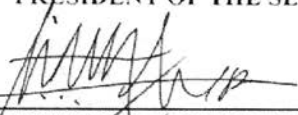

J. Sayfiah Goppa
CHIEF CLERK, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, R.L.

ATTESTATION

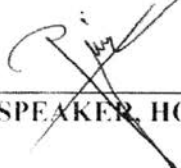
"AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF AN ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA, OF JULY 5, 2005, ALSO KNOWN AS TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS ACT OF 2005; AND THE ACT TO AMEND THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION, ENVIRONMENTAL CRIME, AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEING AND MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012, (APPROVE APRIL 29, 2013); AND TO BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL STANDARD AND IN CONFORMITY WITH ALL OTHER TREATIES SIGNED AND RATIFIED BY THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA."

for 

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA/
PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE



SECRETARY, LIBERIAN SENATE



SPEAKER, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, R.L.

for 

CHIEF CLERK, HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, R.L.



SECRETARY OF THE SENATE



The Liberian Senate

CAPITOL BUILDING, CAPITOL HILL, MONROVIA, LIBERIA
WEST AFRICA

-2021-

FOURTH SESSION OF THE FIFTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE OF THE REPUBLIC
OF LIBERIA

SCHEDULE OF SENATE'S ENROLLED BILL NO. 2 ENTITLED:

"AN ACT OF THE LEGISLATURE TO AMEND CERTAIN PROVISIONS
OF AN ACT TO BAN TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS WITHIN THE
REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA, OF JULY 5, 2005, ALSO KNOWN AS
TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS ACT OF 2005; AND THE ACT TO AMEND
THE PENAL LAW REGARDING EXTORTION, ENVIRONMENTAL
CRIME, AND ILLICIT TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEING AND
MIGRANT SMUGGLING, 2012, (APPROVE APRIL 29, 2013); AND TO
BRING THE 2005 ACT IN COMPLIANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD AND IN CONFORMITY WITH ALL OTHER TREATIES
SIGNED AND RATIFIED BY THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA."

PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA FOR
EXECUTIVE APPROVAL

APPROVED THIS:

27th

DAY OF

SEPTEMBER

A.D. 2021

AT THE HOUR OF

12:00 NOON

THE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF LIBERIA

